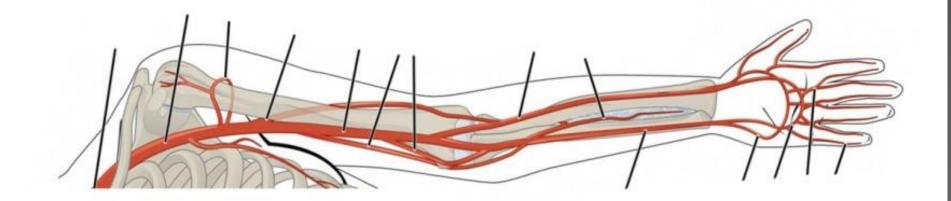


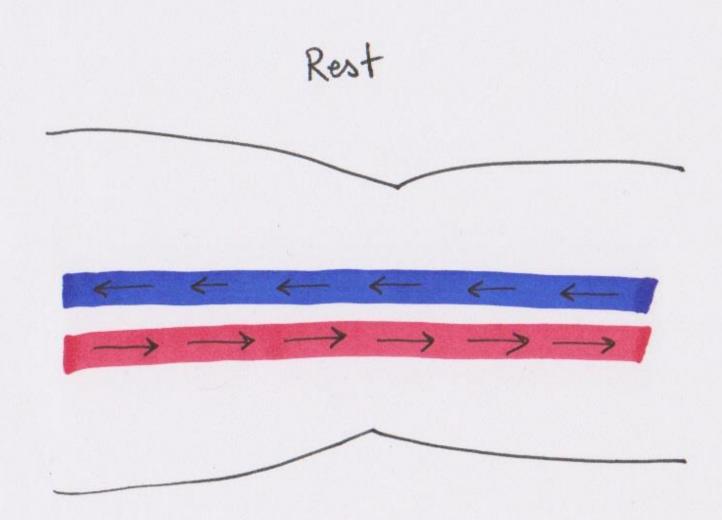
Algorithm in management of steal syndrome

Termpong Reanpang, MD

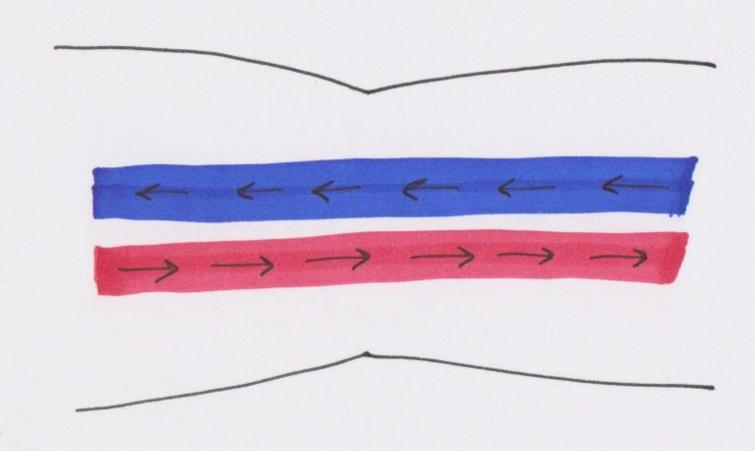
Division of Vascular and Endovascular Surgery Department of Surgery, Faculty of Medicine Chiang Mai University



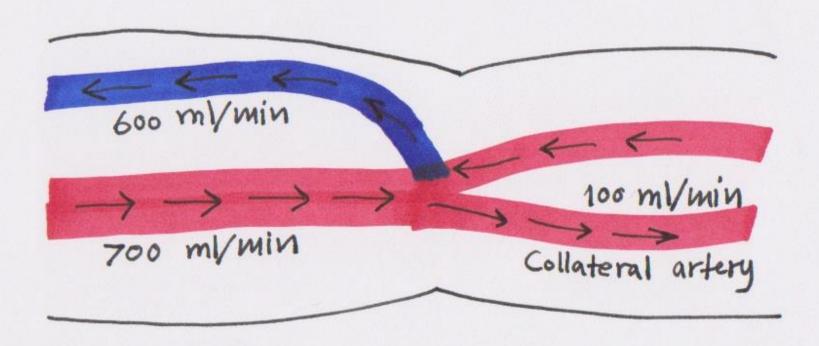




Exercise



Good AVF



Severity of steal syndrome

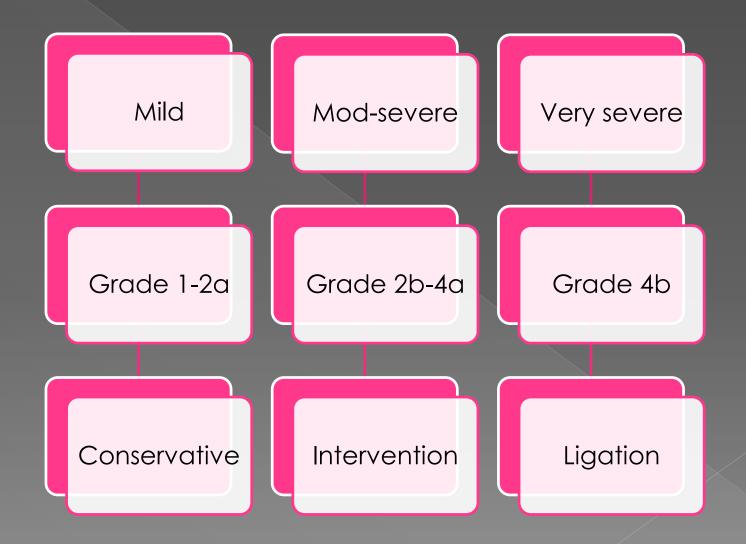
- Grade 1 : Retrograde flow/No symptoms
- Grade 2 :
 - 2a: Tolerable pain during HD/exercise
 - > 2b: Intolerable pain during HD/exercise
- Grade 3 : Rest pain
- Grade 4:
 - 4a: Limited tissue loss
 - 4b: Irreversible tissue loss

Treatment options

- Conservative
- Ligation
- PTA
- Banding
- PAI

- DRIL
- RUDI
- DRAL
- PRAL

Treatment options

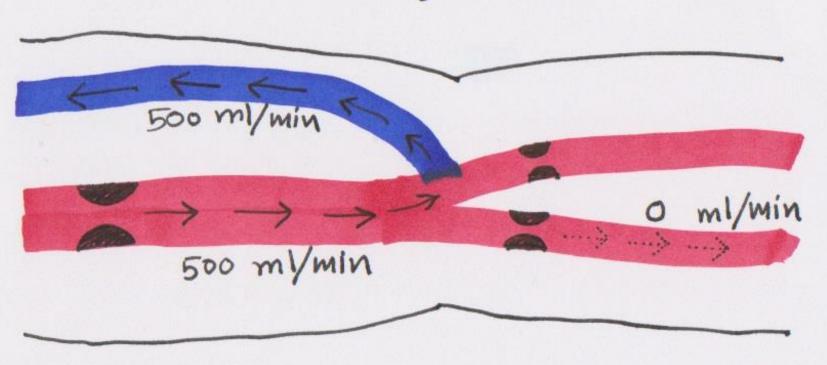


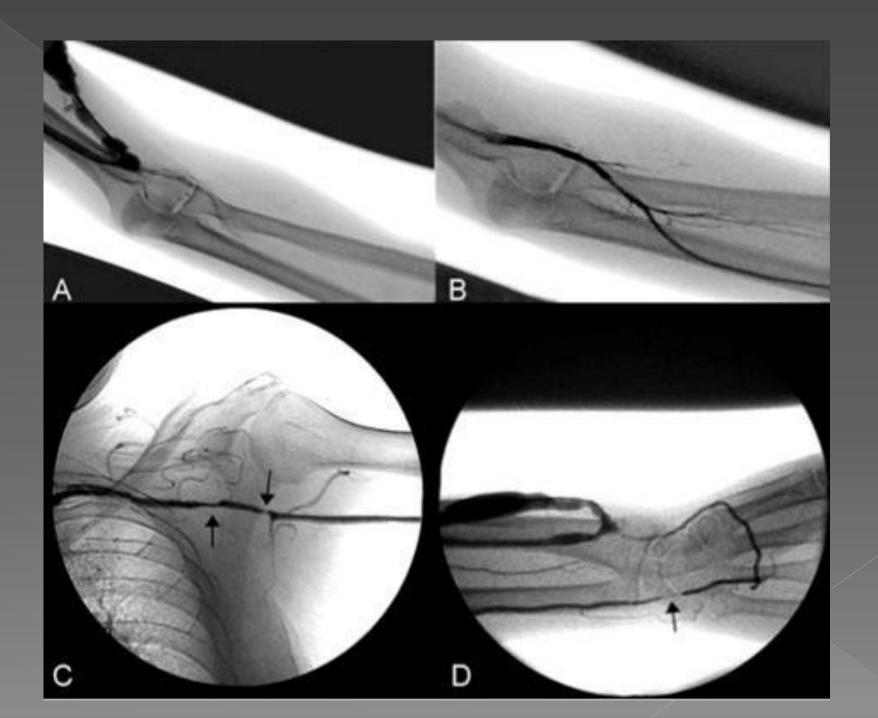
Grade 4b

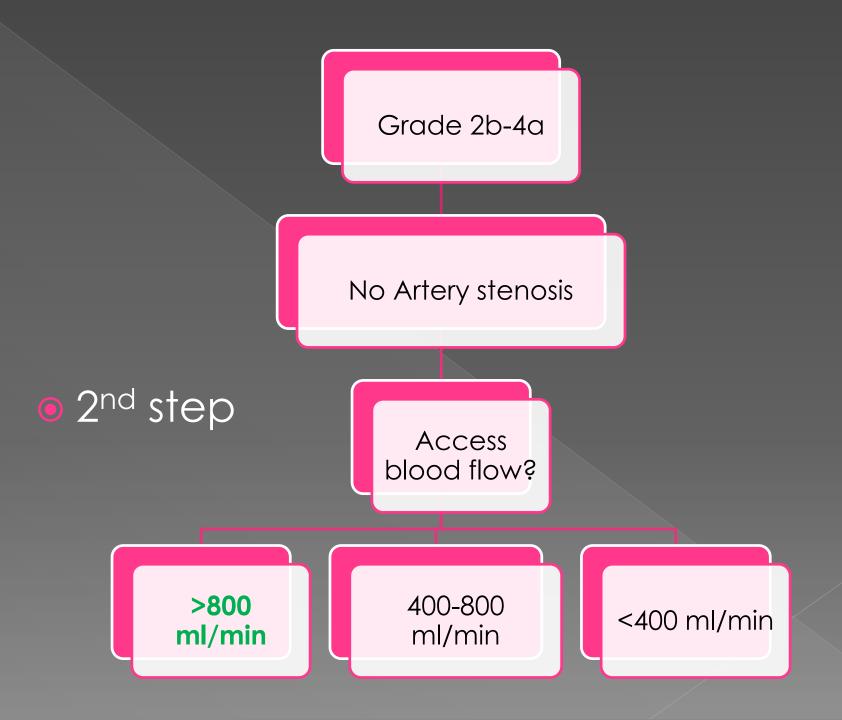


Mod-severe Grade 2b-4a 1st step Duplex/Angiography Artery stenosis? Yes No

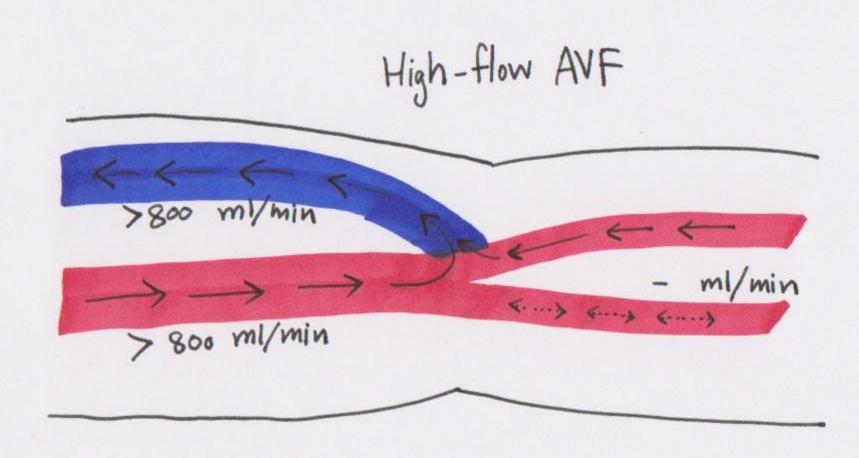
Artery stemosis

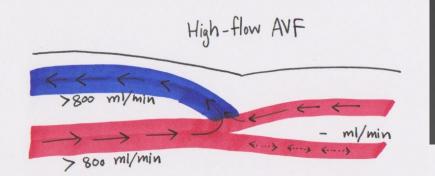




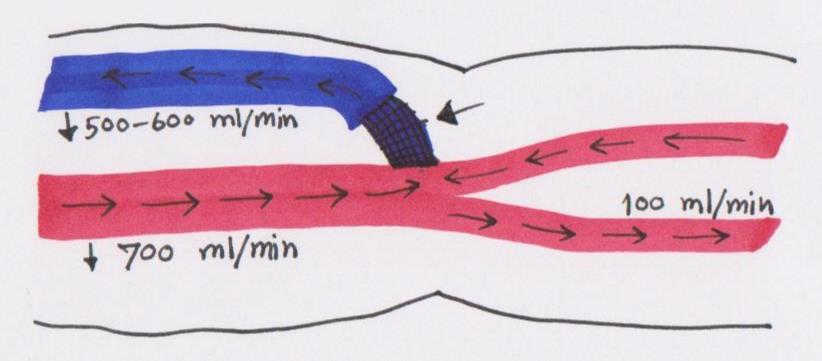


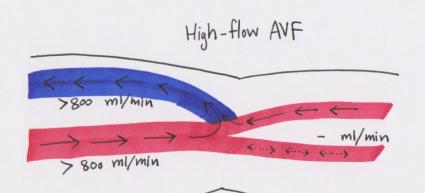
High-flow AVF



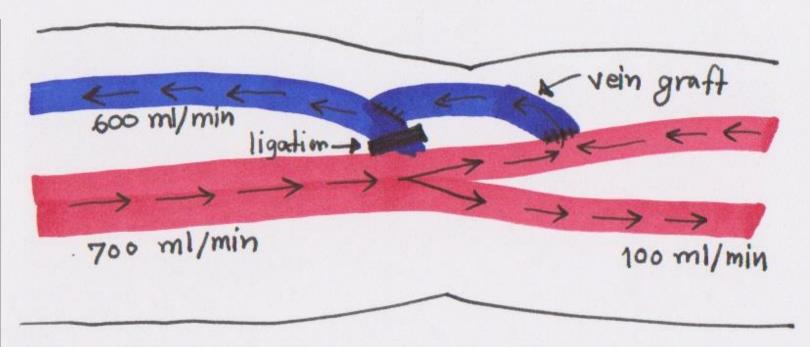


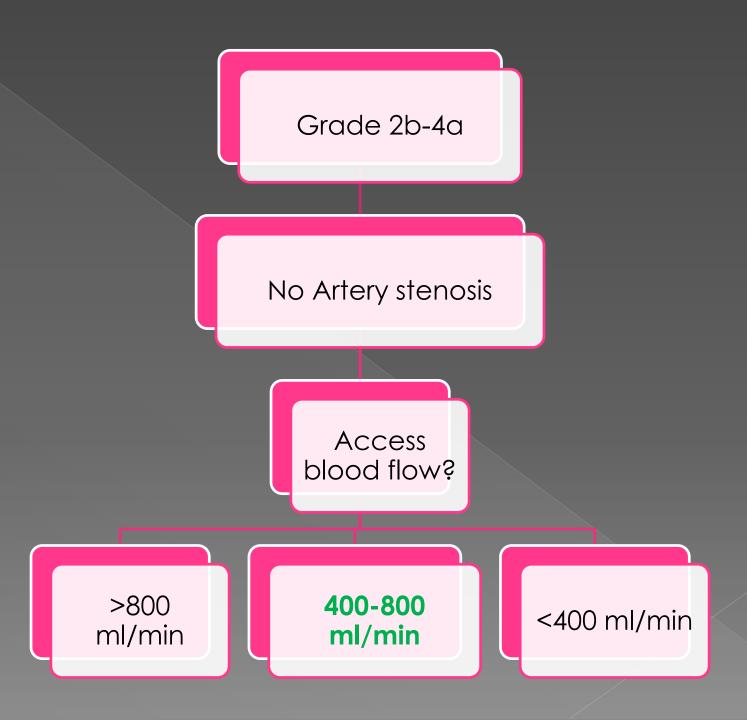
Banding



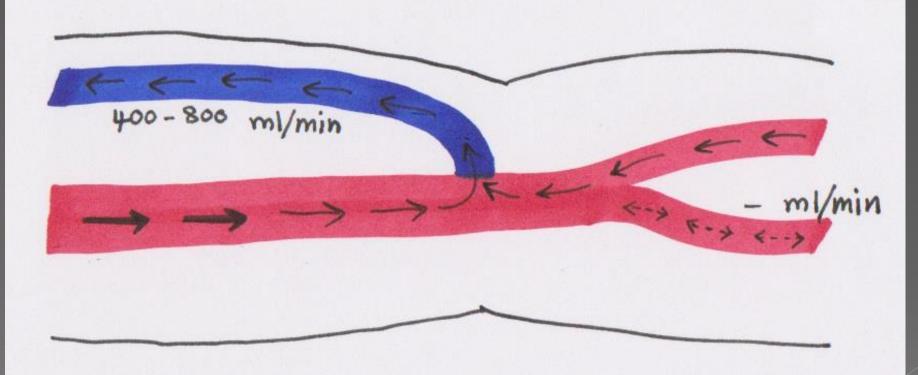


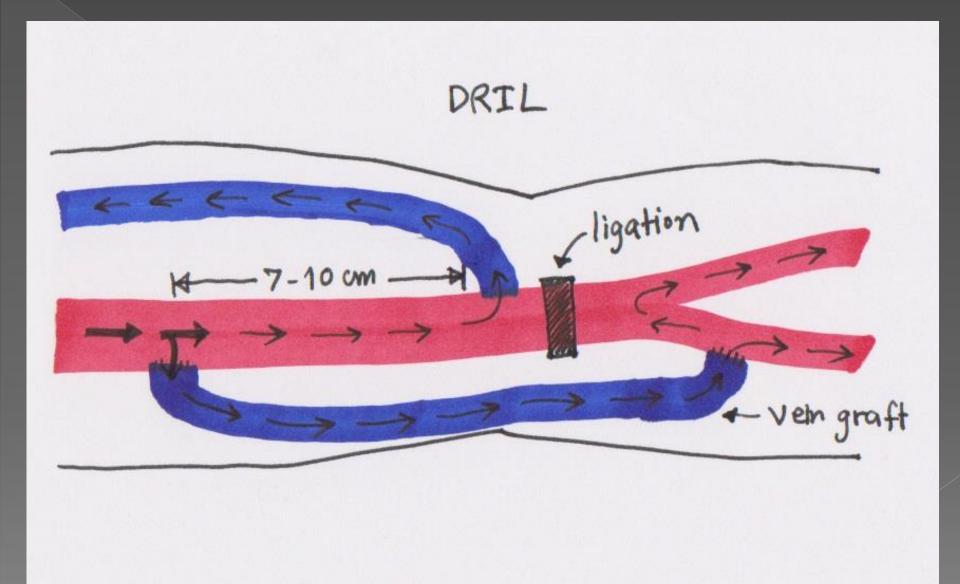
RUDI

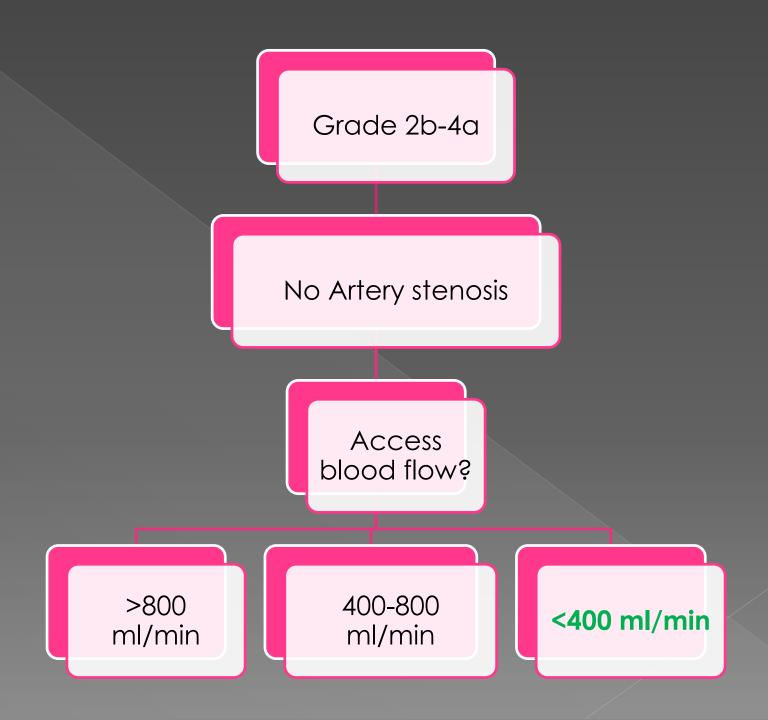




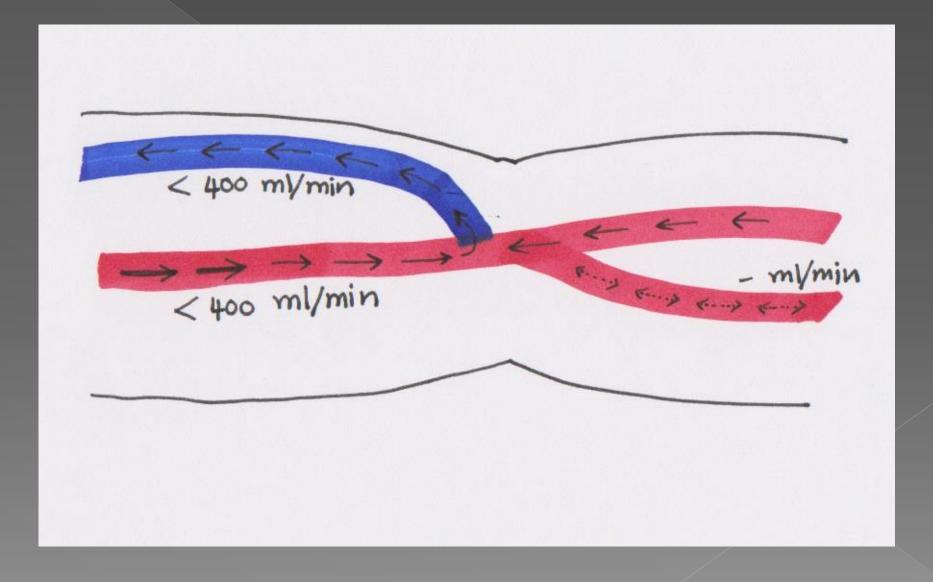
Normal flow AVF

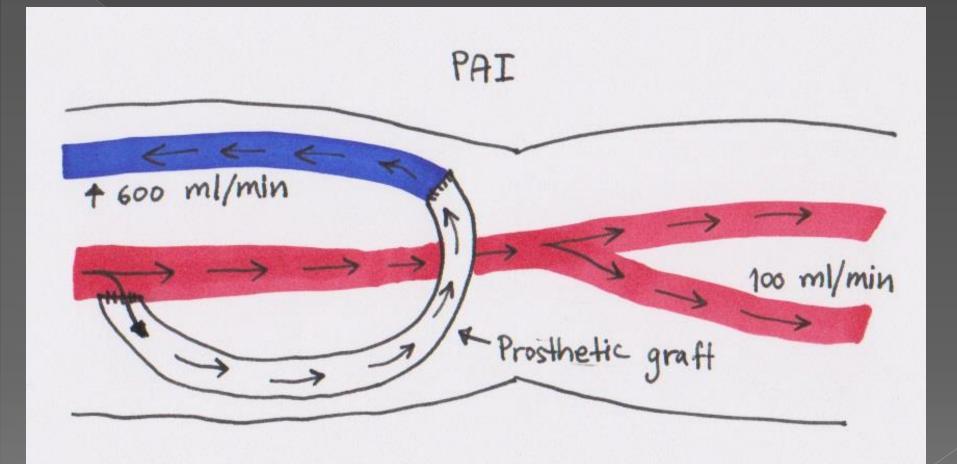


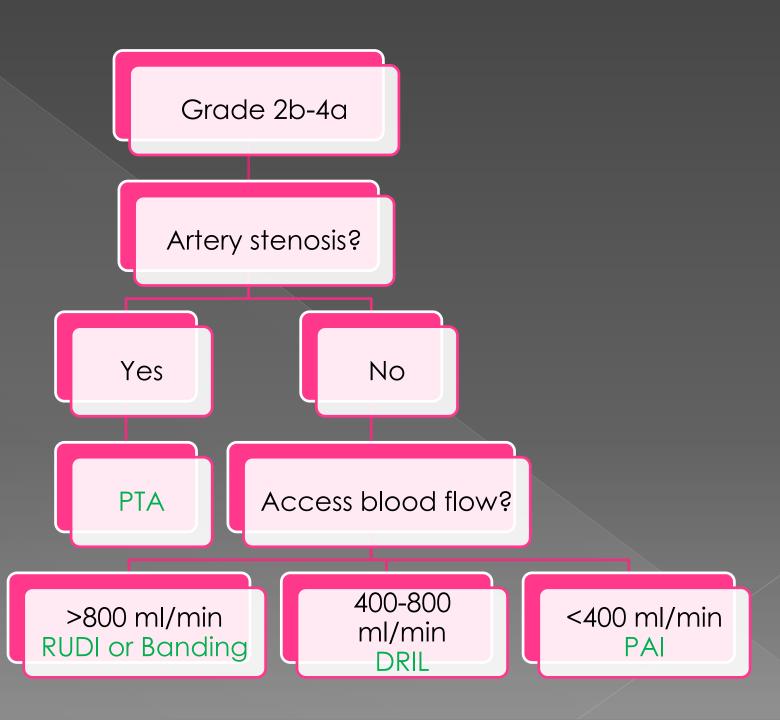




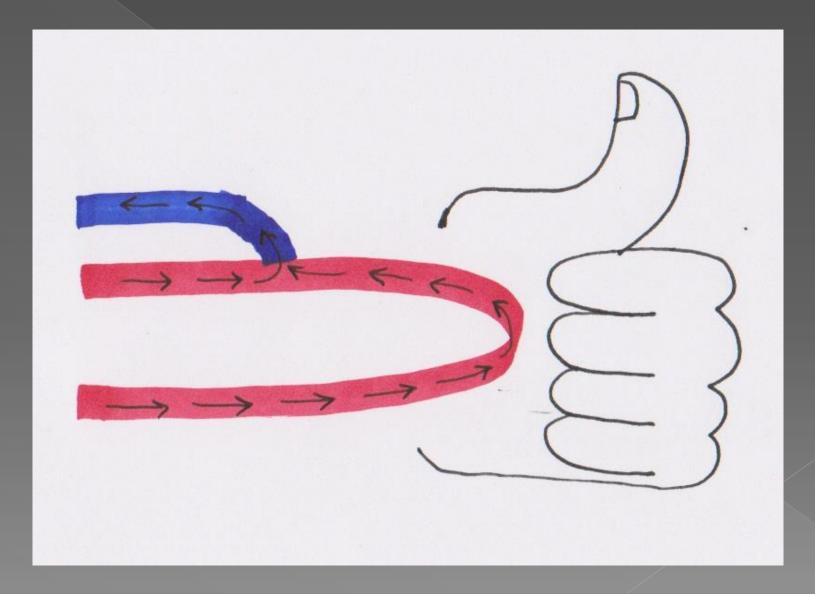
Low-flow AVF







Distal AVF



Distal AVF

Grade 2b-4a

1st step

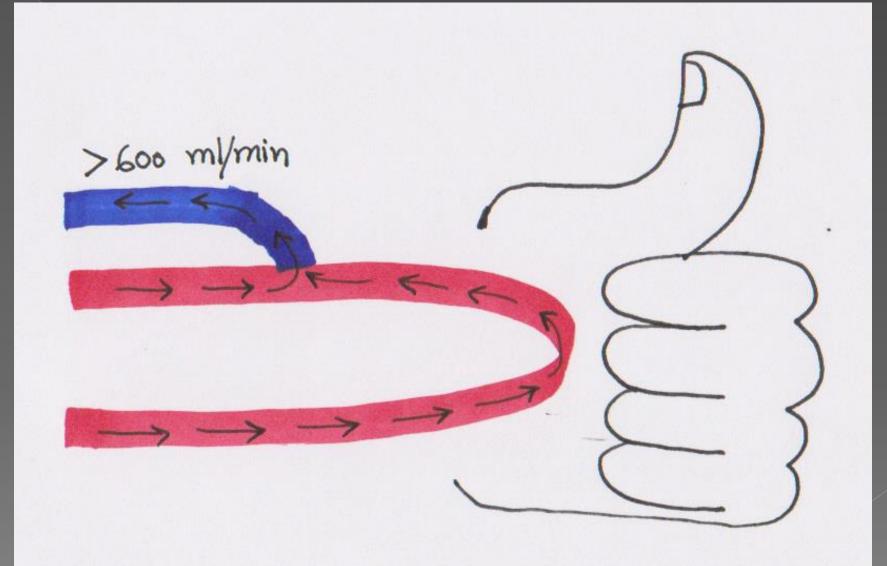
No Artery stenosis

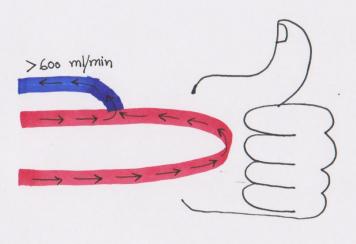
2nd step

Access blood flow?

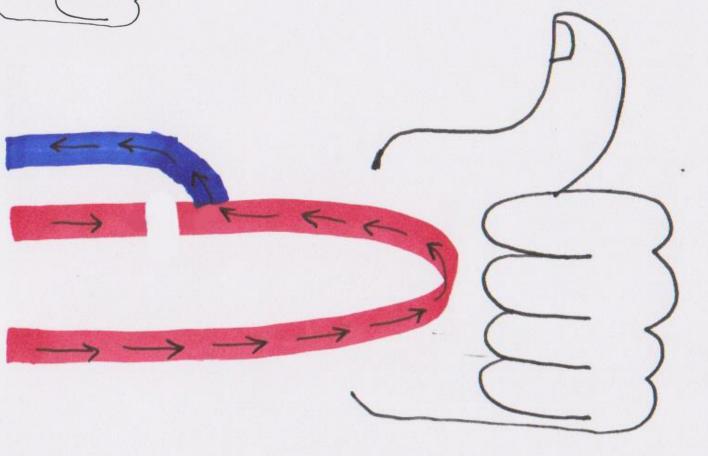
>600 ml/min 300-600 ml/min

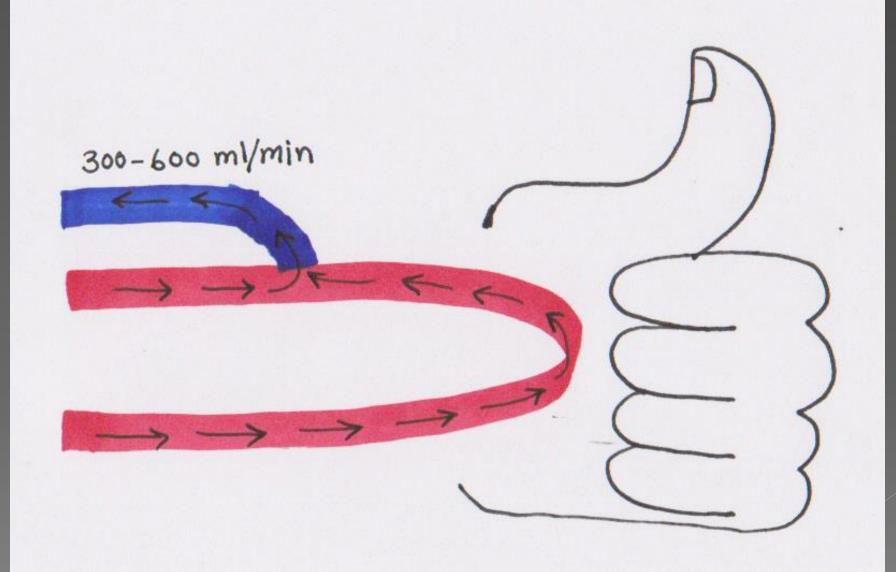
<300 ml/min

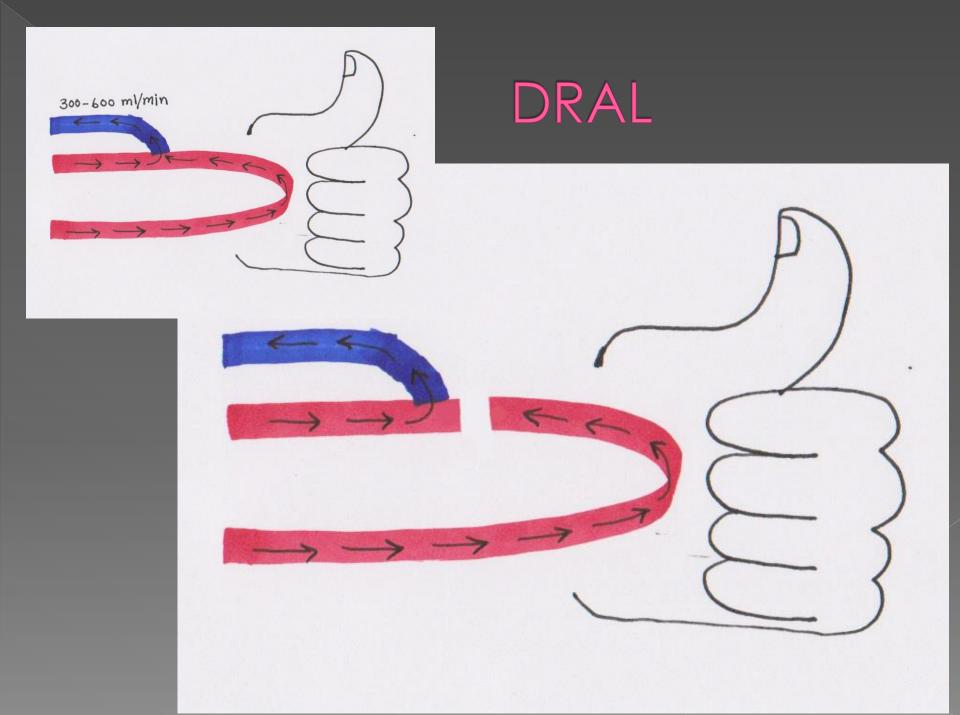


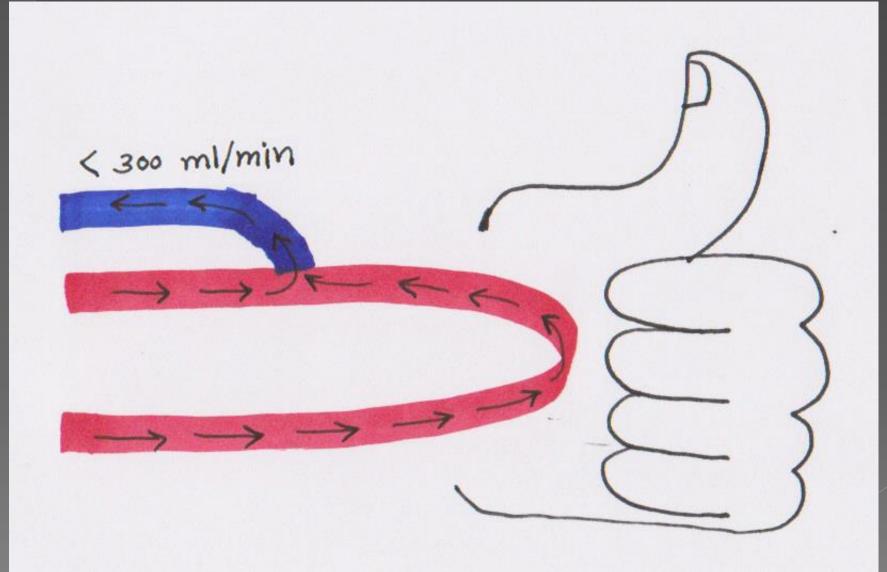


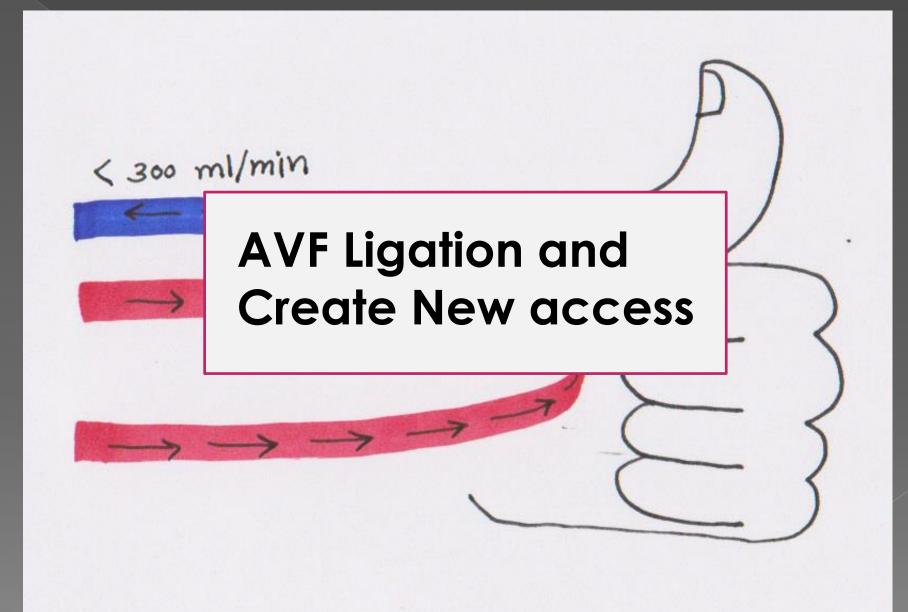
PRAL











Distal AVF Grade 2b-4a Artery stenosis? Yes No PTA Access blood flow? 300-600 >600 ml/min <300 ml/min ml/min Ligation **PRAL**

DRAL

Conclusion

- Grade 1-2a = Conservative
- Grade 2b-4a = Intervention
 - Access evaluation
 - Duplex/angiography
 - Treat arterial stenosis first
 - Choose treatment options
 - According to access blood flow
- Grade 4b = Ligation